

BROFLANILIDE (No. 994)

CIPAC Collaborative Trial

CIPAC Collaborative Trial on the Determination of Broflanilide
in Broflanilide Technical and Formulation
by High Performance Liquid Chromatography

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Scope

The results of the full scale CIPAC collaborative trial for broflanilide technical material and broflanilide wettable powder are reported.

1.2 Samples

Five test samples and one analytical standard were sent to the participants:

- 1) broflanilide technical material (TC-1)
- 2) broflanilide technical material (TC-2)
- 3) broflanilide wettable powder (WP-1)
- 4) broflanilide wettable powder (WP-2)
- 5) broflanilide wettable powder (WP-3)

Broflanilide analytical standard, purity: 99.9 %

1.3 Participants

In August 2018, Information Sheet No. 315 was sent out by the CIPAC Secretary.

We sent samples to 23 laboratories and received examination results from all the laboratories—

Participants are listed in alphabetical sequence.

Isabelle Monisse	AFSCA (Belgium)
Veronika Kmecl	AGRICULTURAL INSTITUTE OF SLOVENIA (KMETIJSKI INSTITUT ŠLOVENIJE) (Slovenia)
Astrid Bächli	Agroscope (Switzerland)
Olivera Gogic	Center for Ecotoxicological Research Podgorica (Montenegro)
Frantisek Csicsay	Central Control and Testing Institute in Agriculture (Slovakia)
Kevin King	Clarke Mosquito Control (USA)
F. Güdel	CURRENTA GmbH&Co OHG, ANT-PDA3, A559 (Germany)
Ivan Orgei	FRANDESA Co. LTD (Belarus)
Ana B. Estebanez	Laboratorio Arbitral Agroalimentario (Spain)
Eva Jacobsen	Laboratory of chemistry and microbiology, Danish Technological Institute (Denmark)
Volodymyr Mykhaylov	Laboratory of pesticides analytical chemistry of L.I. Medved's Reseach Center of Preventive Toxicology,

	Food and Chemical Safety, Ministry of Health, Ukraine (Ukraine)
Juliana Pereira, Estela Bonilha	Lanagro/SP (Brazil)
Ahmad Rezvani	Maryland Department of Agriculture, State Chemist Section (USA)
Kaiwei Shi	National Center for Pesticide Quality Supervision and Inspection (Beijing), Institute for the Control of Agrochemicals, Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs, P. R. China (China)
Márió Molnár	National Food Chain Safety Office, Pesticide Analytical National Reference Laboratory, Velence (Hungary)
Ileana Ionica	National Phytosanitary Laboratory (Romania)
Denis Carr	Pesticides Control Laboratory (Ireland)
Meilinda Pramleonita	PT Agricon-Indonesia (Indonesia)
Cornel Grecu	Quality Control Laboratory (Romania)
Kailas Gore, Satish Patel	RALLIS INDIA LIMITED (India)
Ovsanna Tshakatyán	Republican Veterinary-Sanitary and Phyto-Sanitary Centre of Laboratory Services SNCO (Armenia)
Yukiko Koma	The Institute of Environmental Toxicology (Japan)
Régis De Bruyne, Laurent Soquette	Walloon Agricultural Research Centre (CRA-W) Agriculture and Natural Environment Department (D3) Plant Protection Products and Biocides Physico-chemistry and Residues Unit (U10) (Belgium)

2. ANALYTICAL METHOD

2.1 Outline of Method

Broflanilide is determined by reversed phase high performance liquid chromatography using UV detection at 254 nm and external standardization as stated in CIPAC/5213/m.

2.2 Program of Work

We requested the collaborators to:

- 1) conduct duplicate determinations on two different days for each of five

- samples;
- 2) inject each sample solution in duplicate and calculate the mean value;
 - 3) check the response factors before determination;
 - 4) check linearity before determination;
 - 5) describe high performance liquid chromatography operating conditions in detail.

3. REMARKS OF PARTICIPANTS

3.1 Analytical Conditions

Lab. No.*	High Performance Liquid Chromatography Integrator	Column	Mobile phase	Column temp. (°C)	Flow rate (ml/min)
				Injection volume(µl)	Retention time(min)
	Proposed Method	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Waters XSelect CSH C ₁₈ , 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	11.5
1	Agilent 1260 Infinity II ChemStation	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Waters XBridge C ₁₈ , 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	0.92
				20	11.6
2	Thermo Ultimate 3000 Chromeleon Version 7.2.7	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Inertsil 5 ODS-2 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.2
				20	11.8
3	PerkinElmer Altus Empower 3	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Phenomenex Prodigy ODS3, 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				5	14.4
4	Waters UPLC Acquity Empower	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Waters XSelect CSH C ₁₈ , 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	11.6
5	Shimadzu Prominence LabSolutions	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Cosmosil C ₁₈ , 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	13.0
6	Dionex Chromeleon	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Zorbax SB C ₁₈ , 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.2
				20	12.0

7	Agilent 1100 Series Agilent ChemStation for LC 3D systems	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Zorbax SB C18, 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	13.0
8	Shimadzu Nexera XR with SPD-20A Shimadzu LC Solution	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Waters XSelect CSH C ₁₈ , 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	11.2
9	Agilent 1260 Infinity series Chemstation	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Inertsil ODS-3V 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	16.6
10	Shimadzu LC-20AD Prominence Shimadzu LabSolutions	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Zorbax Eclipse XDB-C18, 5µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	unknown
11	Agilent 1260 Infinity II Chromeleon 6.80	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Waters XSelect CSH C ₁₈ , 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	11.7
12	Agilent Infinity 1200 Open Lab CDS ChemStation	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Zorbax Eclipse Plus C18, 5µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.1
				20	11.8
13	Dionex UltiMate 3000 Chromeleon 6.88	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Zorbax Eclipse XDB-C18 5µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	13.1
14	Agilent 1260 Infinity Chemstation	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Luna C18(2) 5µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	15.3
15	Agilent 1200 Series Agilent, Chemstation	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Phenomenex, Gemini C18, 5µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	11.7
16	Thermo UltiMate 3000 Chromeleon Version 7.2.9	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Kromasil 100-5C18, 5µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.4
				5	11.6
17	Agilent 1100 Series Agilent ChemStation for LC 3D	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Phenomenex Luna C18 (2) , 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	15.6
18	Waters Acquity UPLC H-Class Series Waters Empower 3	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Waters XSelect CSH C ₁₈ , 5 µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				10	11.5

19	Shimadzu 20 AD Shimadzu LabSolutions	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Hypersil ODS 5µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	0.9
				20	11.4
20	Thermo UltiMate 3000 Chromeleon (Cobra Wizard)	250 x 4.0 mm (i.d.) Purospher, 5µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	11.6
21	UPLC Hclass Waters Empower 3	100 x 2.1mm (i.d.) Kinetex Evo C18 2.6µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	0.3
				1	unknown
22	Agilent 1100 Series Chemstation	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Zorbax Eclipse XDB-C18, 5µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	13.2
23	Agilent 1260 Infinity ChemStation for LC 3D Systems	250 x 4.6 mm (i.d.) Zorbax SB-C18 5µm	Acetonitrile – Water, 65 + 35 (v/v)	40	1.0
				20	12.5

*Laboratory numbers in the result tables were assigned in the sequence of results receipt.

3.2 Remarks

Several participants provided comments about the method performance and made a note of any deviations from the method.

Lab.1:

- Flow rate was changed to 0.92 ml/min to adjust the retention time to 11.5 min.

Lab.2:

- C3: There were some particles left after shaking, therefore 15s in ultrasonic bath. Since C3 and C4 deviated finally too much, new calibrations (C5 and C6) were prepared
- We used 0.20 µm RC (regenerated cellulose) filter (instead of 0.45 µm filter).
- Flow 1.2 ml/min (instead of 1.0 ml/min), RT: 11.84 min.

Lab.3:

- Reduced injection volume to 5 µl.

Lab.9:

- We have used comparable HPLC column, but retention time of broflanilide is 16.6 min. As per test method shared with us retention time should be 11.5 min. No change in the test parameters.

Lab.10:

- I have placed the calibration and technical concentrate solutions in ultrasonic

bath for about 1 min.

Lab.11:

- WP-formulations are filtrated by Chromafil Xtra 0.45 µm filters to clarify the sample solutions.

Lab.12:

- Flow rate was changed to 1.1 ml/min. In the WP sample preparation the flasks were placed in the ultrasonic bath for about 15 min.

Lab.16:

- I injected just 5 µl because is the maximum volume that can be injected with this type of autosampler.

Lab.18:

- The injection volume was set at 10 µl because the HPLC is not able to inject a greater volume.

Lab.19:

- Flow rate was changed to 0.90 ml/min to adjust the retention time about to 11.4 min.

Lab.21:

- I observe variations between 2 test samples of the same sample, despite great attention to the homogenization of the sample before sampling. The system suitability was done on the 2nd day.

Lab.22:

- Calibration solution and sample preparation: 25mg broflanilide was weighed into 50ml volumetric flasks.

4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The samples were sent to twenty three laboratories and all of them returned results. All results reported by the 23 laboratories were statistically evaluated. The statistical evaluations were carried out according to ISO 5725. Summary and detailed statistical evaluations are shown in Tables 1 and 2-1 to 2-5. The results of statistical evaluations are displayed in Figures 1-5.

TC-1

The variance of Lab.5, 10, 14, 21 was identified as an outlier by Cochran's test. The mean of Lab.20, 21 was identified as an outlier by Grubbs's test. These data were retained because there were no reasons to remove them.

TC-2

The variance of Lab.10, 14, 21 was identified as an outlier by Cochran's test. The mean of Lab.21 was identified as a straggler by Grubbs's test. The mean of Lab.4, 20 was identified as an outlier by Grubbs's test. These data were retained because there were no reasons to remove them.

WP-1

The variance of Lab.10, 14, 20 was identified as an outlier by Cochran's test. The mean of Lab.20 was identified as an outlier by Grubbs's test. These data were retained because there were no reasons to remove them.

WP-2

The variance of Lab.10 was identified as an outlier by Cochran's test. The mean of Lab.20 was identified as an outlier by Grubbs's test. These data were retained because there were no reasons to remove them.

WP-3

The variance of Lab.20 was identified as an outlier by Cochran's test. The mean of Lab.20 was identified as an outlier by Grubbs's test. These data were retained because there were no reasons to remove them.

5. CONCLUSION

All data of 23 different laboratories, who participated in this full scale CIPAC collaborative trial, have been used for the statistical evaluation.

The values of RSD_R (reproducibility relative standard deviation) were less than Horwitz's value even if outliers on Cochran's and Grubbs's tests were included.

The proposed method is considered to be appropriate for the determination of broflanilide in technical material and wettable powder.

JAPAC proposes that the method is accepted as a provisional CIPAC method.

Table 1 Summary of statistical evaluation of broflanilide large scale collaborative study (full set of 23 participants)

	TC-1	TC-2	WP-1	WP-2	WP-3
Average (g/kg)	997.0	996.9	500.3	501.8	499.9
Number of laboratories	23	23	23	23	23
Repeatability standard deviation (S_r)	12	17	4.0	3.8	4.1
"Pure" between laboratory standard variation (S_L)	11	8.2	6.4	7.3	7.6
Reproducibility standard deviation (S_R)	17	19	7.5	8.2	8.7
Repeatability (r)	35	47	11	11	12
Reproducibility (R)	47	52	21	23	24
RSD_r	1.2	1.7	0.80	0.77	0.83
RSD_R	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.6	1.7
Horwitz's value	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2
HorRat value (reference)	0.85	0.94	0.68	0.74	0.78

Table 2-1 Broflanilide Technical-1 (full set of 23 participants)

Lab		Analytical data (n=4)		Y _i	Y _i ²	Si	Si ²
1	Day1	1002.5	999.5	999.95	999900.00	2.213	4.897
	Day2	1000.6	997.2				
2	Day1	992.2	990.4	990.68	981436.96	1.037	1.076
	Day2	990.2	989.9				
3	Day1	998.5	992.2	991.20	982477.44	5.494	30.180
	Day2	988.0	986.1				
4	Day1	998.8	996.3	1001.75	1003503.06	5.030	25.297
	Day2	1004.9	1007.0				
5	Day1	997.8	1002.3	988.50	977132.25	15.558	242.047
	Day2	986.5	967.4				
6	Day1	992.9	992.4	993.90	987837.21	1.472	2.167
	Day2	995.4	994.9				
7	Day1	994.8	991.2	992.48	985006.63	1.704	2.902
	Day2	992.7	991.2				
8	Day1	993.1	991.5	993.98	987986.30	2.802	7.849
	Day2	998.0	993.3				
9	Day1	996.7	995.7	996.38	992763.14	2.612	6.823
	Day2	999.7	993.4				
10	Day1	1014.9	1017.8	1003.50	1007012.25	14.888	221.647
	Day2	991.0	990.3				
11	Day1	997.7	994.0	995.55	991119.80	1.771	3.137
	Day2	994.2	996.3				
12	Day1	989.9	991.4	993.08	986197.96	2.980	8.883
	Day2	994.5	996.5				
13	Day1	997.7	998.2	995.43	990870.93	2.995	8.969
	Day2	993.7	992.1				
14	Day1	988.5	950.1	1002.70	1005407.29	42.845	1835.680
	Day2	1048.5	1023.7				
15	Day1	999.4	996.9	999.78	999550.05	2.739	7.503
	Day2	999.3	1003.5				
16	Day1	1000.8	993.4	995.83	991667.43	3.652	13.336
	Day2	996.3	992.8				
17	Day1	994.9	995.2	995.75	991518.06	0.819	0.670
	Day2	996.5	996.4				
18	Day1	988.2	1000.8	993.90	987837.21	7.842	61.500
	Day2	986.1	1000.5				
19	Day1	996.5	999.0	994.53	989079.98	4.903	24.036
	Day2	987.6	995.0				
20	Day1	1038.2	1059.4	1050.63	1103812.89	12.448	154.963
	Day2	1063.1	1041.8				
21	Day1	1006.8	994.3	976.55	953649.90	29.372	862.723
	Day2	962.7	942.4				
22	Day1	980.8	988.7	988.63	977379.39	6.002	36.029
	Day2	989.6	995.4				
23	Day1	998.8	998.5	996.63	993261.39	2.354	5.543
	Day2	994.3	994.9				
S1 SUM	Y _i =			22931.25			
S2 SUM	Y _i ² =				22866407.52		
S3 SUM	Si ² =						3567.853

p = 23

n = 4

** Regarded as a statistical outlier

1) Cochran's test (p=23, n=4)

$$C = S_i^2 \max / S_3 = 0.5145 > 0.197 \text{ (p=23, n=4, 5\%)}, > 0.238 \text{ (p=23, n=4, 1\%)}$$

2) Grubbs's test (p=23, n=4)

$$Y_i \text{ min} = 976.55 \quad Y_i \text{ max} = 1050.63 \quad Y = S_1/p = 997.01$$

$$Y - Y_i \text{ min} = 20.46 \quad Y_i \text{ max} - Y = 53.61 \quad S = 12.972$$

$$\text{lower} = (Y - Y_i \text{ min})/S = 1.5773 < 2.781 \text{ (p=23, 5\%)}$$

$$\text{upper} = (Y_i \text{ max} - Y)/S = 4.1331 > 2.781 \text{ (p=23, 5\%)}, > 3.087 \text{ (p=23, 1\%)}$$

3) Calculation of r and R

$$\text{Mean: } Y = S_1 / p = 997.01$$

$$S_r^2 = S_3 / p = 155.124 \quad S_r = 12.455$$

$$S_L^2 = [(pS_2 - S_1^2)/p(p-1)] - (S_r^2/n) = 129.492 \quad S_L = 11.379$$

$$S_R^2 = S_r^2 + S_L^2 = 284.617 \quad S_R = 16.871$$

$r = 2.8 \times S_r =$	34.874
$R = 2.8 \times S_R =$	47.238
$RSD_r = (S_r / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	1.249
$RSD_R = (S_R / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	1.692

$$\text{Horwitz's value} = 2 \sqrt{1 + 0.5 \times \log(Y / 1000)} = 2.001$$

$$RSD_r \text{ and } RSD_R < 2.00 \text{ (Horwitz's value)}$$

$$\text{HorRat value} = RSD_R / \text{Horwitz's value} = 0.85$$

Table 2-2 Broflanilide Technical-2 (full set of 23 participants)

Lab		Analytical data (n=4)		Y _i	Y _i ²	S _i	S _i ²
1	Day1	998.3	999.4	998.48	996952.33	0.704	0.496
	Day2	997.7	998.5				
2	Day1	992.7	998.6	990.25	980595.06	6.691	44.763
	Day2	984.5	985.2				
3	Day1	994.5	989.6	993.38	986793.89	4.060	16.483
	Day2	998.6	990.8				
4	Day1	1007.5	1007.4	**	1019645.55	2.696	7.269
	Day2	1011.8	1012.4	1009.78			
5	Day1	998.1	1005.9	996.78	993560.40	7.412	54.942
	Day2	995.1	988.0				
6	Day1	994.9	993.7	994.83	989676.78	0.900	0.809
	Day2	994.8	995.9				
7	Day1	996.7	994.4	993.05	986148.30	3.042	9.257
	Day2	990.8	990.3				
8	Day1	991.0	999.6	994.95	989925.50	5.587	31.217
	Day2	989.3	999.9				
9	Day1	996.5	992.2	995.28	990572.33	3.721	13.849
	Day2	1000.0	992.4				
10	Day1	1022.3	1013.8	1008.33	1016719.31	14.892	221.769
	Day2	987.4	1009.8				
11	Day1	997.8	997.9	998.13	996253.52	1.504	2.263
	Day2	1000.2	996.6				
12	Day1	988.8	992.7	994.23	988483.35	5.463	29.842
	Day2	1001.8	993.6				
13	Day1	998.4	999.9	999.15	998300.72	0.614	0.377
	Day2	999.1	999.2				
14	Day1	1003.3	1001.6	1011.38	1022879.39	33.943	1152.129
	Day2	980.7	1059.9				
15	Day1	1009.6	1003.9	998.23	996453.15	11.782	138.823
	Day2	997.1	982.3				
16	Day1	996.6	994.7	994.70	989428.09	2.478	6.140
	Day2	991.2	996.3				
17	Day1	980.1	1009.4	994.20	988433.64	12.131	147.167
	Day2	996.0	991.3				
18	Day1	994.0	1002.2	994.88	989776.27	5.207	27.116
	Day2	989.9	993.4				
19	Day1	999.5	1003.9	997.70	995405.29	4.999	24.987
	Day2	994.5	992.9				
20	Day1	1014.6	1010.5	**	1058738.10	19.771	390.897
	Day2	1038.7	1052.0	1028.95			
21	Day1	988.6	1001.2	*	924145.76	64.391	4146.183
	Day2	865.1	990.4	961.33			
22	Day1	986.1	978.5	986.50	973182.25	5.772	33.313
	Day2	991.2	990.2				
23	Day1	995.3	996.1	994.98	989975.25	1.300	1.689
	Day2	995.4	993.1				
S1 SUM	Y _i =			22929.40			
S2 SUM	Y _i ² =				22862044.22		
S3 SUM	S _i ² =						6501.778

p = 23 n = 4 * Regarded as a statistical straggler, ** Regarded as a statistical outlier

1) Cochran's test (p=23, n=4)

$$C = S_i^2 \max / S_3 = 0.6377 > 0.197 \text{ (p=23, n=4, 5\%)} , > 0.238 \text{ (p=23, n=4, 1\%)}$$

2) Grubbs's test (p=23, n=4)

$$Y_i \min = 961.33 \quad Y_i \max = 1028.95 \quad Y = S1/p = 996.93$$

$$Y \cdot Y_i \min = 35.61 \quad Y_i \max - Y = 32.02 \quad S = 11.731$$

$$\text{lower} = (Y \cdot Y_i \min)/S = 3.0352 > 2.781 \text{ (p=23, 5\%)} , < 3.087 \text{ (p=23, 1\%)}$$

$$\text{upper} = (Y_i \max \cdot Y)/S = 2.7295 < 2.781 \text{ (p=23, 5\%)}$$

3) Calculation of r and R

$$\text{Mean: } Y = S1 / p = 996.93$$

$$S_r^2 = S3 / p = 282.686 \quad S_r = 16.813$$

$$S_L^2 = [(pS2 - S1^2)/p(p-1)] - (S_r^2/n) = 66.943 \quad S_L = 8.182$$

$$S_R^2 = S_r^2 + S_L^2 = 349.629 \quad S_R = 18.698$$

$r = 2.8 \times S_r =$	47.077
$R = 2.8 \times S_R =$	52.355
$RSD_r = (S_r / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	1.687
$RSD_R = (S_R / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	1.876

$$\text{Horwitz's value} = 2 \cdot [1 - 0.5 \times \log(Y / 1000)] = 2.001$$

$$RSD_r \text{ and } RSD_R < 2.00 \text{ (Horwitz's value)}$$

$$\text{HorRat value} = RSD_R / \text{Horwitz's value} = 0.94$$

Table 2-3 Broflanilide Wettable Powder-1 (full set of 23 participants)

Lab		Analytical data (n=4)		Yi	Yi ²	Si	Si ²
1	Day1	502.2	502.7				
	Day2	500.4	499.6	501.23	251226.50	1.466	2.149
2	Day1	491.0	490.0				
	Day2	491.1	494.8	491.73	241793.48	2.109	4.449
3	Day1	499.4	494.4				
	Day2	498.2	497.5	497.38	247381.89	2.133	4.549
4	Day1	503.2	507.3				
	Day2	498.5	503.1	503.03	253034.15	3.596	12.929
5	Day1	498.0	502.5				
	Day2	501.9	503.7	501.53	251527.33	2.466	6.082
6	Day1	499.5	498.1				
	Day2	499.1	498.5	498.80	248801.44	0.622	0.387
7	Day1	499.1	496.1				
	Day2	495.9	496.8	496.98	246984.15	1.468	2.156
8	Day1	499.0	501.0				
	Day2	499.1	498.7	499.45	249450.30	1.047	1.097
9	Day1	500.0	498.4				
	Day2	497.6	499.8	498.95	248951.10	1.147	1.317
10	Day1	507.2	511.6				**
	Day2	492.7	503.4	503.73	253738.88	8.078	65.249
11	Day1	499.6	499.1				
	Day2	500.9	499.4	499.75	249750.06	0.794	0.630
12	Day1	494.9	494.6				
	Day2	496.6	496.5	495.65	245668.92	1.047	1.097
13	Day1	501.2	501.8				
	Day2	500.9	501.1	501.25	251251.56	0.387	0.150
14	Day1	503.9	502.5				**
	Day2	497.4	512.8	504.15	254167.22	6.408	41.057
15	Day1	500.0	503.4				
	Day2	502.5	501.0	501.73	251727.98	1.517	2.302
16	Day1	499.3	498.7				
	Day2	500.9	501.1	500.00	250000.00	1.183	1.400
17	Day1	507.1	498.9				
	Day2	500.5	499.9	501.60	251602.56	3.726	13.880
18	Day1	499.6	500.4				
	Day2	495.2	494.9	497.53	247531.13	2.879	8.289
19	Day1	502.3	501.0				
	Day2	502.3	495.0	500.15	250150.02	3.488	12.163
20	Day1	529.9	538.8	**			**
	Day2	508.1	528.4	526.30	276991.69	12.973	168.287
21	Day1	494.3	491.8				
	Day2	487.5	492.7	491.58	241645.98	2.907	8.449
22	Day1	495.4	495.0				
	Day2	488.5	492.9	492.95	242999.70	3.163	10.003
23	Day1	503.5	502.4				
	Day2	500.7	500.9	501.88	251878.52	1.323	1.749
S1 SUM	Yi =			11507.28			
S2 SUM	Yi ² =				5758254.56		
S3 SUM	Si ² =						369.821

$p = 23$ $n = 4$

** Regarded as a statistical outlier

1) Cochran's test (p=23, n=4)

$C = S_i^2 \max / S_3 = 0.4550 > 0.197$ (p=23, n=4, 5%), > 0.238 (p=23, n=4, 1%)

2) Grubbs's test (p=23, n=4)

Yi min = 491.58 Yi max = 526.30 Y = S1/p = 500.32
Y · Yi min = 8.74 Yi max · Y = 25.98 S = 6.665

lower = (Y · Yi min)/S = 1.3115 < 2.781 (p=23, 5%)
upper = (Yi max · Y)/S = 3.8986 > 2.781 (p=23, 5%) , > 3.087 (p=23, 1%)

3) Calculation of r and R

Mean; Y = S1 / p = 500.32
 $S_r^2 = S_3 / p = 16.079$ $S_r = 4.010$
 $S_L^2 = [(pS_2 - S_1^2)/p(p-1)] \cdot (S_r^2/n) = 40.401$ $S_L = 6.356$
 $S_R^2 = S_r^2 + S_L^2 = 56.480$ $S_R = 7.515$

$r = 2.8 \times S_r =$	11.228
$R = 2.8 \times S_R =$	21.043
$RSD_r = (S_r / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	0.801
$RSD_R = (S_R / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	1.502

Horwitz's value = $2 \cdot [1 + 0.5 \times \log(Y / 1000)] = 2.220$

RSD_r and $RSD_R < 2.22$ (Horwitz's value)

HorRat value = $RSD_R / \text{Horwitz's value} = 0.68$

Table 2-4 Broflanilide Wetable Powder-2 (full set of 23 participants)

Lab		Analytical data (n=4)		Y _i	Y _i ²	S _i	S _i ²
1	Day1	505.2	504.7				
	Day2	501.4	501.2	503.13	253134.77	2.119	4.489
2	Day1	497.8	484.8				
	Day2	499.5	497.3	494.85	244876.52	6.766	45.777
3	Day1	490.4	506.2				
	Day2	499.0	498.5	498.53	248527.18	6.459	41.716
4	Day1	504.2	499.9				
	Day2	501.8	498.5	501.10	251101.21	2.470	6.100
5	Day1	506.6	505.7				
	Day2	503.0	502.7	504.50	254520.25	1.944	3.780
6	Day1	499.7	498.7				
	Day2	499.6	499.2	499.30	249300.49	0.455	0.207
7	Day1	500.7	499.1				
	Day2	495.9	498.2	498.48	248477.33	2.004	4.016
8	Day1	500.6	500.4				
	Day2	501.3	500.6	500.73	250725.53	0.395	0.156
9	Day1	498.9	499.3				
	Day2	500.3	502.0	500.13	250125.02	1.382	1.909
10	Day1	511.1	509.0				**
	Day2	491.0	504.4	503.88	253890.02	9.028	81.503
11	Day1	501.5	500.7				
	Day2	501.7	502.8	501.68	251677.81	0.866	0.749
12	Day1	493.8	495.0				
	Day2	497.2	495.0	495.25	245272.56	1.418	2.010
13	Day1	503.9	501.2				
	Day2	503.1	499.9	502.03	252029.10	1.814	3.289
14	Day1	509.3	508.1				
	Day2	497.2	507.4	505.50	255530.25	5.589	31.233
15	Day1	500.7	502.3				
	Day2	502.1	501.1	501.55	251552.40	0.772	0.597
16	Day1	500.5	500.4				
	Day2	501.5	500.9	500.83	250825.68	0.499	0.249
17	Day1	498.5	504.4				
	Day2	502.2	502.8	501.98	251978.90	2.496	6.229
18	Day1	502.2	501.5				
	Day2	495.5	495.7	498.73	248726.63	3.621	13.109
19	Day1	507.6	506.2				
	Day2	501.7	499.5	503.75	253764.06	3.790	14.363
20	Day1	534.0	541.4	**			
	Day2	528.7	526.8	532.73	283795.93	6.537	42.729
21	Day1	485.4	491.8				
	Day2	498.3	494.8	492.58	242630.13	5.471	29.936
22	Day1	499.3	494.6				
	Day2	495.8	495.6	496.33	246338.51	2.052	4.209
23	Day1	503.1	504.5				
	Day2	505.6	503.3	504.13	254142.02	1.162	1.349
S1 SUM	Y _i =			11541.63			
S2 SUM	Y _i ² =				5792942.26		
S3 SUM	S _i ² =						339.704

$p = 23$ $n = 4$

** Regarded as a statistical outlier

1) Cochran's test (p=23, n=4)

$C = S_i^2 \max / S_3 = 0.2399 > 0.197$ (p=23, n=4, 5%), > 0.238 (p=23, n=4, 1%)

2) Grubbs's test (p=23, n=4)

Y_i min = 492.58 Y_i max = 532.73 Y = S1/p = 501.81
Y · Y_i min = 9.23 Y_i max · Y = 30.92 S = 7.513

lower = (Y · Y_i min)/S = 1.2291 < 2.781 (p=23, 5%)
upper = (Y_i max · Y)/S = 4.1147 > 2.781 (p=23, 5%) , > 3.087 (p=23, 1%)

3) Calculation of r and R

Mean; Y = S1 / p = 501.81
 $S_r^2 = S_3 / p = 14.770$ S_r = 3.843
 $S_L^2 = [(pS_2 - S_1^2)/p(p-1)] \cdot (S_r^2/n) = 52.759$ S_L = 7.264
 $S_R^2 = S_r^2 + S_L^2 = 67.529$ S_R = 8.218

$r = 2.8 \times S_r =$	10.761
$R = 2.8 \times S_R =$	23.009
$RSD_r = (S_r / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	0.766
$RSD_R = (S_R / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	1.638

Horwitz's value = $2 \cdot [1 + 0.5 \times \log(Y / 1000)] = 2.219$

RSD_r and $RSD_R < 2.22$ (Horwitz's value)

HorRat value = $RSD_R / \text{Horwitz's value} = 0.74$

Table 2-5 Broflanilide Wetttable Powder-3 (full set of 23 participants)

Lab		Analytical data (n=4)		Yi	Yi ²	Si	Si ²
1	Day1	501.7	502.3				
	Day2	499.1	498.6	500.43	250425.18	1.846	3.409
2	Day1	487.5	495.3				
	Day2	495.5	495.1	493.35	243394.22	3.903	15.237
3	Day1	495.4	492.6				
	Day2	488.5	494.4	492.73	242777.93	3.046	9.276
4	Day1	501.5	502.6				
	Day2	496.9	497.9	499.73	249725.08	2.752	7.576
5	Day1	512.8	495.6				
	Day2	500.4	497.1	501.48	251477.18	7.812	61.022
6	Day1	498.0	498.1				
	Day2	496.5	497.9	497.63	247630.64	0.754	0.569
7	Day1	494.7	495.6				
	Day2	491.3	493.9	493.88	243912.52	1.852	3.429
8	Day1	500.7	499.7				
	Day2	499.1	499.8	499.83	249825.03	0.660	0.436
9	Day1	499.1	496.1				
	Day2	499.1	500.0	498.58	248577.03	1.704	2.902
10	Day1	512.3	509.9				
	Day2	501.2	502.1	506.38	256415.64	5.555	30.862
11	Day1	500.5	498.9				
	Day2	501.4	500.3	500.28	250275.08	1.034	1.069
12	Day1	493.8	502.3				
	Day2	492.4	495.8	496.08	246090.41	4.378	19.169
13	Day1	500.9	495.4				
	Day2	500.9	496.8	498.50	248502.25	2.830	8.007
14	Day1	506.2	501.6				
	Day2	510.7	506.0	506.13	256162.52	3.716	13.809
15	Day1	500.0	504.8				
	Day2	498.4	495.1	499.58	249575.18	4.037	16.296
16	Day1	497.1	498.4				
	Day2	500.7	499.3	498.88	248876.27	1.515	2.296
17	Day1	502.5	497.2				
	Day2	501.2	498.5	499.85	249850.02	2.428	5.897
18	Day1	499.5	498.7				
	Day2	489.3	491.9	494.85	244876.52	5.032	25.317
19	Day1	503.3	504.0				
	Day2	495.1	494.6	499.25	249250.56	5.093	25.937
20	Day1	546.3	528.7		**		**
	Day2	523.3	530.9	532.30	283343.29	9.864	97.307
21	Day1	493.9	500.3				
	Day2	485.5	497.4	494.28	244307.78	6.409	41.069
22	Day1	494.0	493.3				
	Day2	495.2	495.5	494.50	244530.25	1.030	1.060
23	Day1	499.4	501.1				
	Day2	499.4	500.7	500.15	250150.02	0.881	0.777
S1 SUM	Yi =			11498.58			
S2 SUM	Yi ² =				5749950.58		
S3 SUM	Si ² =						392.727

p = 23 n = 4 ** Regarded as a statistical outlier

1) Cochran's test (p=23, n=4)
 $C = S_i^2 \max / S_3 = 0.2478 > 0.197$ (p=23, n=4, 5%), > 0.238 (p=23, n=4, 1%)

2) Grubbs's test (p=23, n=4)
 $Y_i \min = 492.73$ $Y_i \max = 532.30$ $Y = S1/p = 499.94$
 $Y - Y_i \min = 7.21$ $Y_i \max - Y = 32.36$ $S = 7.907$
 $\text{lower} = (Y - Y_i \min)/S = 0.9122 < 2.781$ (p=23, 5%)
 $\text{upper} = (Y_i \max - Y)/S = 4.0928 > 2.781$ (p=23, 5%), > 3.087 (p=23, 1%)

3) Calculation of r and R
 $\text{Mean}; Y = S1 / p = 499.94$
 $S_r^2 = S3 / p = 17.075$ $S_r = 4.132$
 $S_L^2 = [(pS2 - S1^2)/p(p-1)] - (S_r^2/n) = 58.253$ $S_L = 7.632$
 $S_R^2 = S_r^2 + S_L^2 = 75.329$ $S_R = 8.679$

$r = 2.8 \times S_r =$	11.570
$R = 2.8 \times S_R =$	24.302
$\text{RSD}_r = (S_r / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	0.827
$\text{RSD}_R = (S_R / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	1.736

Horwitz's value = $2 \sqrt{1 + 0.5 \times \log(Y / 1000)}$ = 2.220

RSD_r and $\text{RSD}_R < 2.22$ (Horwitz's value)

HorRat value = $\text{RSD}_R / \text{Horwitz's value}$ = 0.78

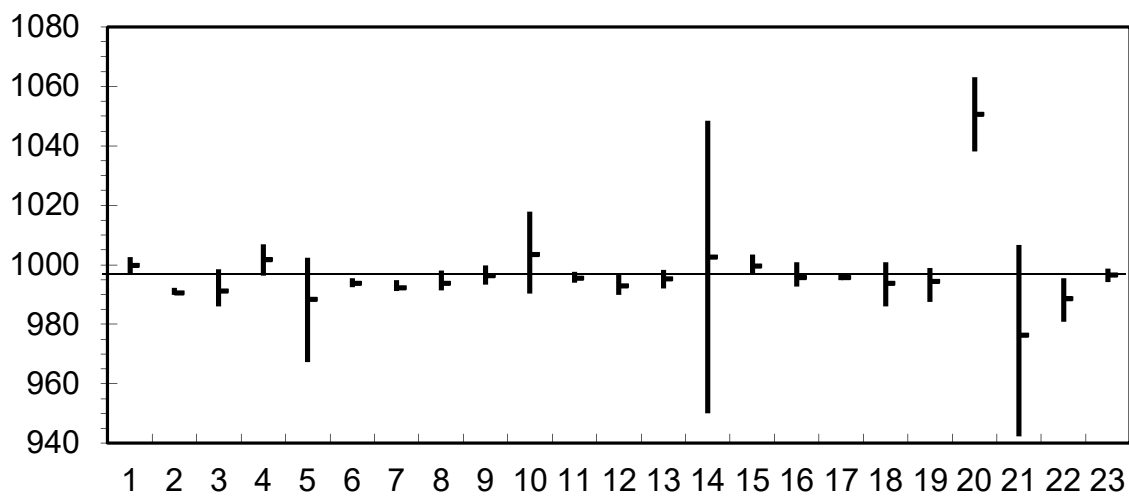


Figure 1 Broflanilide Technical (TC-1) (full set of 23 participants)

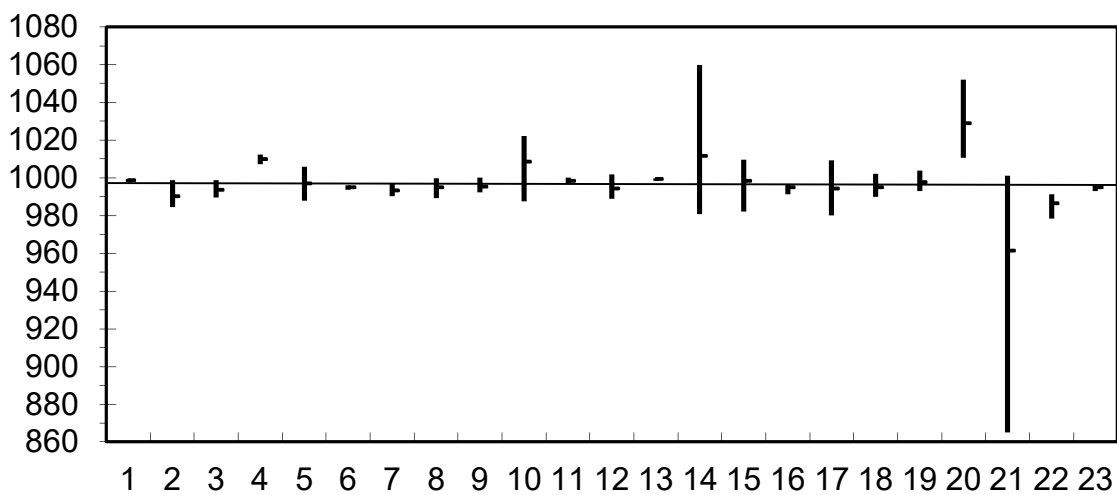


Figure 2 Broflanilide Technical (TC-2) (full set of 23 participants)

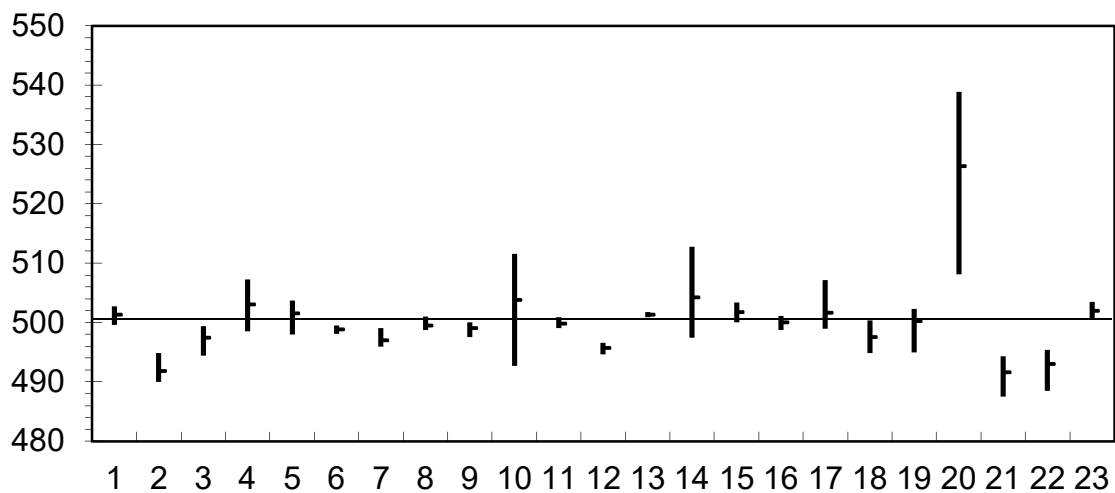


Figure 3 Broflanilide 50%Wettable Powder (WP-1) (full set of 23 participants)

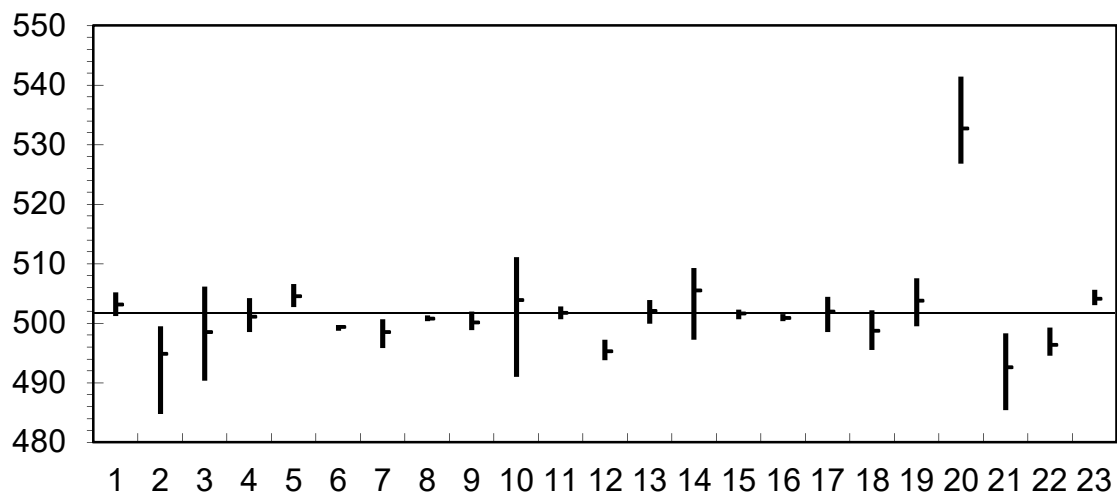


Figure 4 Broflanilide 50%Wettable Powder (WP-2) (full set of 23 participants)

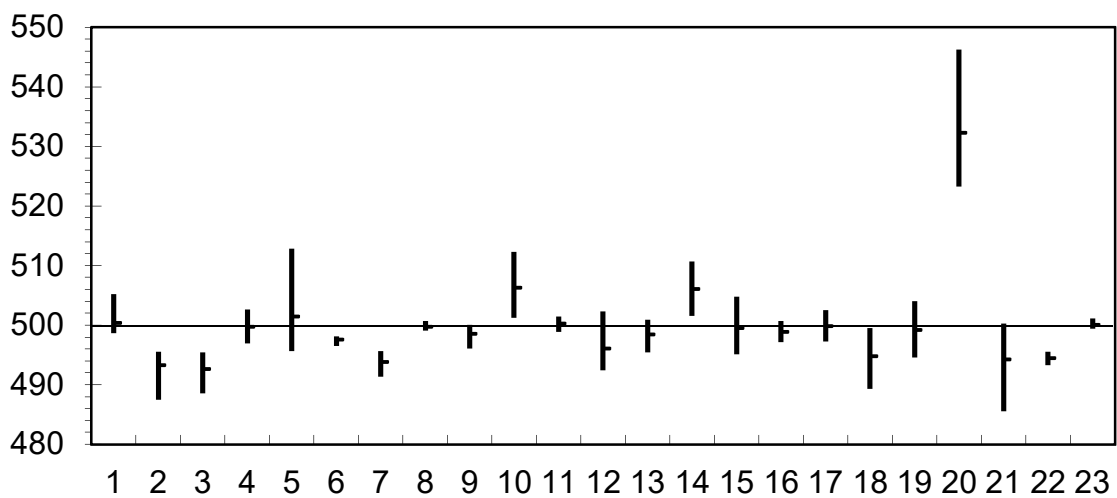


Figure 5 Broflanilide 50%Wettable Powder (WP-3) (full set of 23 participants)

6. REFERENCE

A separate evaluation was carried out with the elimination of outliers. The summary and detailed statistical evaluations are showed in Tables 3 and 4-1 to 4-5. The results of statistical evaluations are displayed in Figures 6-10.

The discussion on outliers and stragglers is as follows:

Elimination of outliers:

TC-1: Lab. 5, 10, 14, 20, 21 eliminated

The variance of Lab.18 was identified as a straggler by Cochran's test.

TC-2: Lab. 4, 10, 14, 20, 21 eliminated

The variance of Lab.17 was identified as a straggler by Cochran's test. The mean of Lab.22 was identified as a straggler by Grubbs's test.

WP-1: Lab. 10, 14, 20 eliminated

No outliers and stragglers were identified by Cochran's and Grubbs's test.

WP-2: Lab. 10, 20 eliminated

The variance of Lab.2 was identified as a straggler by Cochran's test.

WP-3: Lab. 20 eliminated

The variance of Lab.5 was identified as a straggler by Cochran's test.

Table 3 Summary of statistical evaluation of broflanilide large scale collaborative study (after elimination of outliers)

	TC-1	TC-2	WP-1	WP-2	WP-3
Average (g/kg)	995.0	995.0	498.7	500.2	498.5
Number of laboratories	18	18	20	21	22
Repeatability standard deviation (S_r)	3.7	5.7	2.2	3.2	3.7
"Pure" between laboratory standard variation (S_L)	2.7	1.2	3.2	3.0	3.2
Reproducibility standard deviation (S_R)	4.6	5.8	3.9	4.4	4.8
Repeatability (r)	10	16	6.1	9.0	10
Reproducibility (R)	13	16	11	12	14
RSD_r	0.38	0.57	0.44	0.64	0.74
RSD_R	0.47	0.58	0.78	0.88	1.0
Horwitz's value	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2
HorRat value (reference)	0.23	0.29	0.35	0.39	0.44

Table 4-1 Broflanilide Technical-1 (after elimination of outliers)

Lab	Analytical data (n=4)	Yi	Yi ²	Si	Si ²
1	Day1	1002.5	999.5		
	Day2	1000.6	997.2	999.95	999900.00
2	Day1	992.2	990.4		
	Day2	990.2	989.9	990.68	981436.96
3	Day1	998.5	992.2		
	Day2	988.0	986.1	991.20	982477.44
4	Day1	998.8	996.3		
	Day2	1004.9	1007.0	1001.75	1003503.06
6	Day1	992.9	992.4		
	Day2	995.4	994.9	993.90	987837.21
7	Day1	994.8	991.2		
	Day2	992.7	991.2	992.48	985006.63
8	Day1	993.1	991.5		
	Day2	998.0	993.3	993.98	987986.30
9	Day1	996.7	995.7		
	Day2	999.7	993.4	996.38	992763.14
11	Day1	997.7	994.0		
	Day2	994.2	996.3	995.55	991119.80
12	Day1	989.9	991.4		
	Day2	994.5	996.5	993.08	986197.96
13	Day1	997.7	998.2		
	Day2	993.7	992.1	995.43	990870.93
15	Day1	999.4	996.9		
	Day2	999.3	1003.5	999.78	999550.05
16	Day1	1000.8	993.4		
	Day2	996.3	992.8	995.83	991667.43
17	Day1	994.9	995.2		
	Day2	996.5	996.4	995.75	991518.06
18	Day1	988.2	1000.8		
	Day2	986.1	1000.5	993.90	987837.21
19	Day1	996.5	999.0		
	Day2	987.6	995.0	994.53	989079.98
22	Day1	980.8	988.7		
	Day2	989.6	995.4	988.63	977379.39
23	Day1	998.8	998.5		
	Day2	994.3	994.9	996.63	993261.39
S1 SUM	Yi =		17909.38		
S2 SUM	Yi ² =			17819392.94	
S3 SUM	Si ² =				250.794

p = 18 n = 4

* Regarded as a statistical straggler

1) Cochran's test (p=18, n=4)

$C = S_i^2 \max / S_3 = 0.2452 > 0.240$ (p=18, n=4, 5%), < 0.288 (p=18, n=4, 1%)

2) Grubbs's test (p=18, n=4)

Yi min = 988.63 Yi max = 1001.75 Y = S1/p = 994.97
Y · Yi min = 6.34 Yi max · Y = 6.78 S = 3.314

lower = (Y · Yi min)/S = 1.9134 < 2.651 (p=18, 5%)
upper = (Yi max · Y)/S = 2.0475 < 2.651 (p=18, 5%)

3) Calculation of r and R

Mean; Y = S1 / p = 994.97
 $S_r^2 = S_3 / p = 13.933$ $S_r = 3.733$
 $S_L^2 = [(pS_2 - S_1^2)/p(p-1)] - (S_r^2/n) = 7.497$ $S_L = 2.738$
 $S_R^2 = S_r^2 + S_L^2 = 21.430$ $S_R = 4.629$

$r = 2.8 \times S_r =$	10.452
$R = 2.8 \times S_R =$	12.962
$RSD_r = (S_r / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	0.375
$RSD_R = (S_R / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	0.465

Horwitz's value = $2 \sqrt{1 + 0.5 \times \log(Y / 1000)}$ = 2.002

RSD_r and $RSD_R < 2.00$ (Horwitz's value)

HorRat value = $RSD_R / \text{Horwitz's value}$ = 0.23

Table 4-2 Broflanilide Technical-2 (after elimination of outliers)

Lab	Analytical data (n=4)		Y _i	Y _i ²	S _i	S _i ²
1	Day1	998.3	999.4			
	Day2	997.7	998.5	998.48	996952.33	0.704
2	Day1	992.7	998.6			
	Day2	984.5	985.2	990.25	980595.06	6.691
3	Day1	994.5	989.6			
	Day2	998.6	990.8	993.38	986793.89	4.060
5	Day1	998.1	1005.9			
	Day2	995.1	988.0	996.78	993560.40	7.412
6	Day1	994.9	993.7			
	Day2	994.8	995.9	994.83	989676.78	0.900
7	Day1	996.7	994.4			
	Day2	990.8	990.3	993.05	986148.30	3.042
8	Day1	991.0	999.6			
	Day2	989.3	999.9	994.95	989925.50	5.587
9	Day1	996.5	992.2			
	Day2	1000.0	992.4	995.28	990572.33	3.721
11	Day1	997.8	997.9			
	Day2	1000.2	996.6	998.13	996253.52	1.504
12	Day1	988.8	992.7			
	Day2	1001.8	993.6	994.23	988483.35	5.463
13	Day1	998.4	999.9			
	Day2	999.1	999.2	999.15	998300.72	0.614
15	Day1	1009.6	1003.9			
	Day2	997.1	982.3	998.23	996453.15	11.782
16	Day1	996.6	994.7			
	Day2	991.2	996.3	994.70	989428.09	2.478
17	Day1	980.1	1009.4			
	Day2	996.0	991.3	994.20	988433.64	12.131
18	Day1	994.0	1002.2			
	Day2	989.9	993.4	994.88	989776.27	5.207
19	Day1	999.5	1003.9			
	Day2	994.5	992.9	997.70	995405.29	4.999
22	Day1	986.1	978.5			
	Day2	991.2	990.2	986.50	973182.25	5.772
23	Day1	995.3	996.1			
	Day2	995.4	993.1	994.98	989975.25	1.300
S1 SUM	Y _i =		17909.65			
S2 SUM	Y _i ² =			17819916.12		
S3 SUM	S _i ² =					583.532

$p = 18$ $n = 4$

* Regarded as a statistical straggler

1) Cochran's test (p=18, n=4)

$C = S_i^2 \max / S_3 = 0.2522 > 0.240$ (p=18, n=4, 5%), < 0.288 (p=18, n=4, 1%)

2) Grubbs's test (p=18, n=4)

Y_i min = 986.50 Y_i max = 999.15 Y = S1/p = 994.98
Y · Y_i min = 8.48 Y_i max · Y = 4.17 S = 3.093

lower = (Y · Y_i min)/S = 2.7421 > 2.651 (p=18, 5%) , < 2.932 (p=18, 1%)
upper = (Y_i max · Y)/S = 1.3481 < 2.651 (p=18, 5%)

3) Calculation of r and R

Mean; Y = S1 / p = 994.98
S_r² = S3 / p = 32.418 S_r = 5.694
S_L² = [(pS2-S1²)/p(p-1)]-(S_r²/n) = 1.461 S_L = 1.209
S_R² = S_r² + S_L² = 33.879 S_R = 5.821

$r = 2.8 \times S_r =$	15.942
$R = 2.8 \times S_R =$	16.298
$RSD_r = (S_r / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	0.572
$RSD_R = (S_R / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	0.585

Horwitz's value = $2 \sqrt{1 + 0.5 \times \log(Y / 1000)}$ = 2.002

RSD_r and RSD_R < 2.00 (Horwitz's value)

HorRat value = RSD_R/Horwitz's value = 0.29

Table 4-3 Broflanilide Wetttable Powder-1 (after elimination of outliers)

Lab		Analytical data (n=4)		Y _i	Y _i ²	S _i	S _i ²
1	Day1	502.2	502.7				
	Day2	500.4	499.6	501.23	251226.50	1.466	2.149
2	Day1	491.0	490.0				
	Day2	491.1	494.8	491.73	241793.48	2.109	4.449
3	Day1	499.4	494.4				
	Day2	498.2	497.5	497.38	247381.89	2.133	4.549
4	Day1	503.2	507.3				
	Day2	498.5	503.1	503.03	253034.15	3.596	12.929
5	Day1	498.0	502.5				
	Day2	501.9	503.7	501.53	251527.33	2.466	6.082
6	Day1	499.5	498.1				
	Day2	499.1	498.5	498.80	248801.44	0.622	0.387
7	Day1	499.1	496.1				
	Day2	495.9	496.8	496.98	246984.15	1.468	2.156
8	Day1	499.0	501.0				
	Day2	499.1	498.7	499.45	249450.30	1.047	1.097
9	Day1	500.0	498.4				
	Day2	497.6	499.8	498.95	248951.10	1.147	1.317
11	Day1	499.6	499.1				
	Day2	500.9	499.4	499.75	249750.06	0.794	0.630
12	Day1	494.9	494.6				
	Day2	496.6	496.5	495.65	245668.92	1.047	1.097
13	Day1	501.2	501.8				
	Day2	500.9	501.1	501.25	251251.56	0.387	0.150
15	Day1	500.0	503.4				
	Day2	502.5	501.0	501.73	251727.98	1.517	2.302
16	Day1	499.3	498.7				
	Day2	500.9	501.1	500.00	250000.00	1.183	1.400
17	Day1	507.1	498.9				
	Day2	500.5	499.9	501.60	251602.56	3.726	13.880
18	Day1	499.6	500.4				
	Day2	495.2	494.9	497.53	247531.13	2.879	8.289
19	Day1	502.3	501.0				
	Day2	502.3	495.0	500.15	250150.02	3.488	12.163
21	Day1	494.3	491.8				
	Day2	487.5	492.7	491.58	241645.98	2.907	8.449
22	Day1	495.4	495.0				
	Day2	488.5	492.9	492.95	242999.70	3.163	10.003
23	Day1	503.5	502.4				
	Day2	500.7	500.9	501.88	251878.52	1.323	1.749
S1 SUM	Y _i =			9973.10			
S2 SUM	Y _i ² =				4973356.77		
S3 SUM	S _i ² =						95.228

p = 20 n = 4

1) Cochran's test (p=20, n=4)

$C = S_i^2 \max / S_3 = 0.1458 < 0.221$ (p=20, n=4, 5%)

2) Grubbs's test (p=20, n=4)

Y_i min = 491.58 Y_i max = 503.03 Y = S1/p = 498.66
Y · Y_i min = 7.08 Y_i max · Y = 4.37 S = 3.407

lower = (Y · Y_i min)/S = 2.0779 < 2.709 (p=20, 5%)
upper = (Y_i max · Y)/S = 1.2825 < 2.709 (p=20, 5%)

3) Calculation of r and R

Mean: Y = S1 / p = 498.66
 $S_r^2 = S_3 / p = 4.761$ S_r = 2.182
 $S_L^2 = [(pS_2 - S_1^2) / (p(p-1))] - (S_r^2 / n) = 10.420$ S_L = 3.228
 $S_R^2 = S_r^2 + S_L^2 = 15.181$ S_R = 3.896

r = 2.8 x S _r =	6.110
R = 2.8 x S _R =	10.910
RSD _r = (S _r / mean) x 100 =	0.438
RSD _R = (S _R / mean) x 100 =	0.781

Horwitz's value = $2 \cdot [1 + 0.5 \cdot \log(Y / 1000)] = 2.221$

RSD_r and RSD_R < 2.22 (Horwitz's value)

HorRat value = RSD_R/Horwitz's value = 0.35

Table 4-4 Broflanilide Wettable Powder-2 (after elimination of outliers)

Lab	Analytical data (n=4)	Y _i	Y _i ²	S _i	S _i ²	
1	Day1 505.2 Day2 501.4	504.7 501.2	503.13	253134.77	2.119	4.489
2	Day1 497.8 Day2 499.5	484.8 497.3	494.85	244876.52	6.766	45.777
3	Day1 490.4 Day2 499.0	506.2 498.5	498.53	248527.18	6.459	41.716
4	Day1 504.2 Day2 501.8	499.9 498.5	501.10	251101.21	2.470	6.100
5	Day1 506.6 Day2 503.0	505.7 502.7	504.50	254520.25	1.944	3.780
6	Day1 499.7 Day2 499.6	498.7 499.2	499.30	249300.49	0.455	0.207
7	Day1 500.7 Day2 495.9	499.1 498.2	498.48	248477.33	2.004	4.016
8	Day1 500.6 Day2 501.3	500.4 500.6	500.73	250725.53	0.395	0.156
9	Day1 498.9 Day2 500.3	499.3 502.0	500.13	250125.02	1.382	1.909
11	Day1 501.5 Day2 501.7	500.7 502.8	501.68	251677.81	0.866	0.749
12	Day1 493.8 Day2 497.2	495.0 495.0	495.25	245272.56	1.418	2.010
13	Day1 503.9 Day2 503.1	501.2 499.9	502.03	252029.10	1.814	3.289
14	Day1 509.3 Day2 497.2	508.1 507.4	505.50	255530.25	5.589	31.233
15	Day1 500.7 Day2 502.1	502.3 501.1	501.55	251552.40	0.772	0.597
16	Day1 500.5 Day2 501.5	500.4 500.9	500.83	250825.68	0.499	0.249
17	Day1 498.5 Day2 502.2	504.4 502.8	501.98	251978.90	2.496	6.229
18	Day1 502.2 Day2 495.5	501.5 495.7	498.73	248726.63	3.621	13.109
19	Day1 507.6 Day2 501.7	506.2 499.5	503.75	253764.06	3.790	14.363
21	Day1 485.4 Day2 498.3	491.8 494.8	492.58	242630.13	5.471	29.936
22	Day1 499.3 Day2 495.8	494.6 495.6	496.33	246338.51	2.052	4.209
23	Day1 503.1 Day2 505.6	504.5 503.3	504.13	254142.02	1.162	1.349
S1 SUM	Y _i =	10505.03				
S2 SUM	Y _i ² =		5255256.32			
S3 SUM	S _i ² =					215.473

p = 21 n = 4

* Regarded as a statistical straggler

1) Cochran's test (p=21, n=4)

$$C = S_i^2 \max / S_3 = 0.2124 > 0.212 (p=21, n=4, 5\%), < 0.255 (p=21, n=4, 1\%)$$

2) Grubbs's test (p=21, n=4)

$$Y_i \min = 492.58 \quad Y_i \max = 505.50 \quad Y = S1/p = 500.24$$

$$Y \cdot Y_i \min = 7.66 \quad Y_i \max - Y = 5.26 \quad S = 3.392$$

$$\text{lower} = (Y - Y_i \min)/S = 2.2595 < 2.733 (p=21, 5\%)$$

$$\text{upper} = (Y_i \max - Y)/S = 1.5509 < 2.733 (p=21, 5\%)$$

3) Calculation of r and R

$$\text{Mean: } Y = S1 / p = 500.24$$

$$S_r^2 = S3 / p = 10.261 \quad S_r = 3.203$$

$$S_L^2 = [(pS2 - S1^2)/p(p-1)] - (S_r^2/n) = 8.941 \quad S_L = 2.990$$

$$S_R^2 = S_r^2 + S_L^2 = 19.201 \quad S_R = 4.382$$

r = 2.8 x S _r =	8.969
R = 2.8 x S _R =	12.269
RSD _r = (S _r / mean) x 100 =	0.640
RSD _R = (S _R / mean) x 100 =	0.876

$$\text{Horwitz's value} = 2 \cdot [1 + 0.5 \cdot \log(Y / 1000)] = 2.220$$

$$\text{RSD}_r \text{ and } \text{RSD}_R < 2.22 (\text{Horwitz's value})$$

$$\text{HorRat value} = \text{RSD}_R / \text{Horwitz's value} = 0.39$$

Table 4-5 Broflanilide Wetable Powder-3 (after elimination of outliers)

Lab		Analytical data (n=4)		Y _i	Y _i ²	S _i	S _i ²
1	Day1	501.7	502.3	500.43	250425.18	1.846	3.409
	Day2	499.1	498.6				
2	Day1	487.5	495.3	493.35	243394.22	3.903	15.237
	Day2	495.5	495.1				
3	Day1	495.4	492.6	492.73	242777.93	3.046	9.276
	Day2	488.5	494.4				
4	Day1	501.5	502.6	499.73	249725.08	2.752	7.576
	Day2	496.9	497.9				
5	Day1	512.8	495.6	501.48	251477.18	7.812	61.022
	Day2	500.4	497.1				
6	Day1	498.0	498.1	497.63	247630.64	0.754	0.569
	Day2	496.5	497.9				
7	Day1	494.7	495.6	493.88	243912.52	1.852	3.429
	Day2	491.3	493.9				
8	Day1	500.7	499.7	499.83	249825.03	0.660	0.436
	Day2	499.1	499.8				
9	Day1	499.1	496.1	498.58	248577.03	1.704	2.902
	Day2	499.1	500.0				
10	Day1	512.3	509.9	506.38	256415.64	5.555	30.862
	Day2	501.2	502.1				
11	Day1	500.5	498.9	500.28	250275.08	1.034	1.069
	Day2	501.4	500.3				
12	Day1	493.8	502.3	496.08	246090.41	4.378	19.169
	Day2	492.4	495.8				
13	Day1	500.9	495.4	498.50	248502.25	2.830	8.007
	Day2	500.9	496.8				
14	Day1	506.2	501.6	506.13	256162.52	3.716	13.809
	Day2	510.7	506.0				
15	Day1	500.0	504.8	499.58	249575.18	4.037	16.296
	Day2	498.4	495.1				
16	Day1	497.1	498.4	498.88	248876.27	1.515	2.296
	Day2	500.7	499.3				
17	Day1	502.5	497.2	499.85	249850.02	2.428	5.897
	Day2	501.2	498.5				
18	Day1	499.5	498.7	494.85	244876.52	5.032	25.317
	Day2	489.3	491.9				
19	Day1	503.3	504.0	499.25	249250.56	5.093	25.937
	Day2	495.1	494.6				
21	Day1	493.9	500.3	494.28	244307.78	6.409	41.069
	Day2	485.5	497.4				
22	Day1	494.0	493.3	494.50	244530.25	1.030	1.060
	Day2	495.2	495.5				
23	Day1	499.4	501.1	500.15	250150.02	0.881	0.777
	Day2	499.4	500.7				
S1 SUM	Y _i =			10966.28			
S2 SUM	Y _i ² =				5466607.29		
S3 SUM	S _i ² =						295.421

p = 22 n = 4

* Regarded as a statistical straggler

1) Cochran's test (p=22, n=4)

$$C = S_i^2 \max / S_3 = 0.2066 > 0.204 \text{ (p=22, n=4, 5\%)}, < 0.246 \text{ (p=22, n=4, 1\%)}$$

2) Grubbs's test (p=22, n=4)

$$Y_i \min = 492.73 \quad Y_i \max = 506.38 \quad Y = S1/p = 498.47$$

$$Y \cdot Y_i \min = 5.74 \quad Y_i \max \cdot Y = 7.91 \quad S = 3.655$$

$$\text{lower} = (Y \cdot Y_i \min)/S = 1.5709 < 2.758 \text{ (p=22, 5\%)}$$

$$\text{upper} = (Y_i \max \cdot Y)/S = 2.1634 < 2.758 \text{ (p=22, 5\%)}$$

3) Calculation of r and R

$$\text{Mean; } Y = S1 / p = 498.47$$

$$S_r^2 = S3 / p = 13.428 \quad S_r = 3.664$$

$$S_L^2 = [(pS2 - S1^2)/p(p-1)] \cdot (S_r^2/n) = 10.004 \quad S_L = 3.163$$

$$S_R^2 = S_r^2 + S_L^2 = 23.432 \quad S_R = 4.841$$

$r = 2.8 \times S_r =$	10.260
$R = 2.8 \times S_R =$	13.554
$RSD_r = (S_r / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	0.735
$RSD_R = (S_R / \text{mean}) \times 100 =$	0.971

$$\text{Horwitz's value} = 2 \cdot [1 + 0.5 \cdot \log(Y / 1000)] = 2.221$$

$$RSD_r \text{ and } RSD_R < 2.22 \text{ (Horwitz's value)}$$

$$\text{HorRat value} = RSD_R / \text{Horwitz's value} = 0.44$$

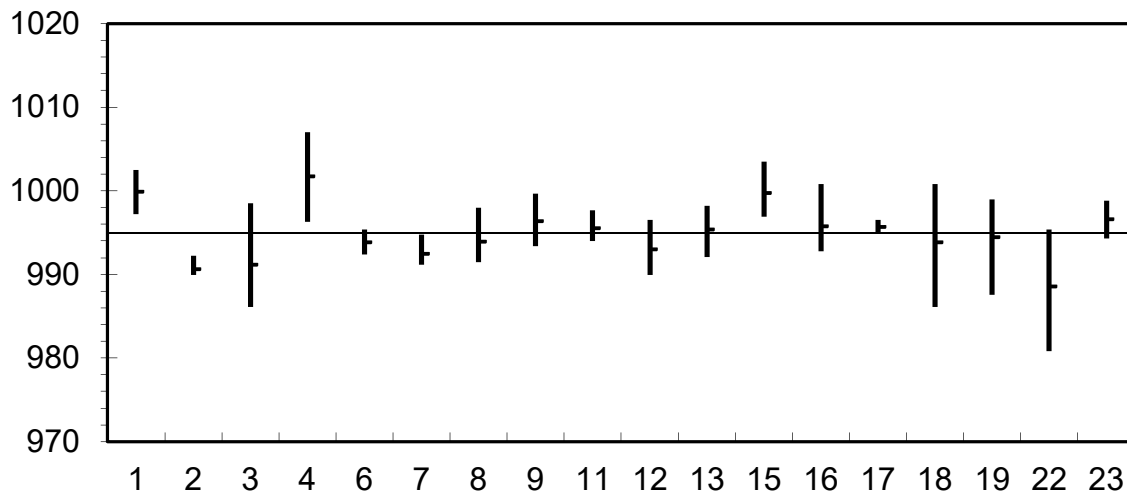


Figure 6 Broflanilide Technical (TC-1) (after elimination of outliers)

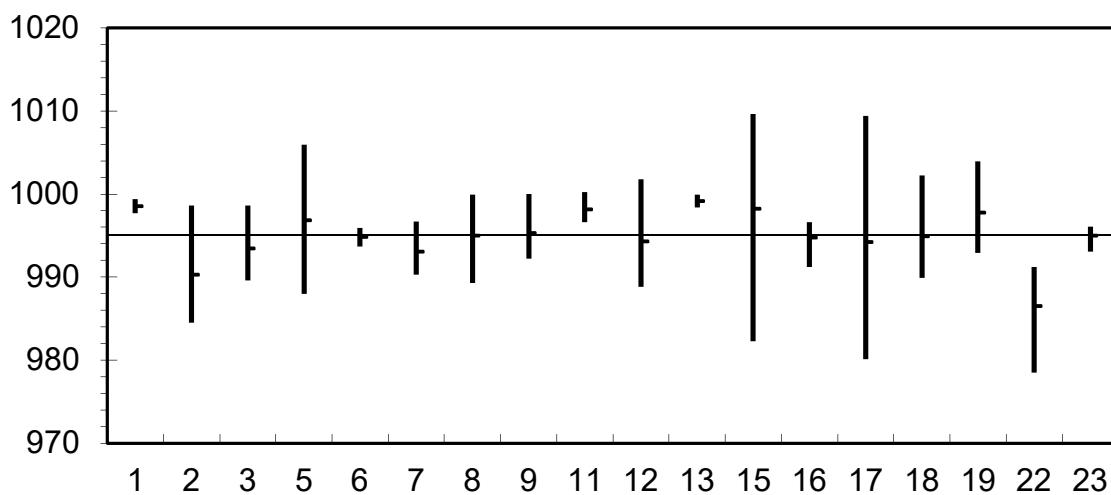


Figure 7 Broflanilide Technical (TC-2) (after elimination of outliers)

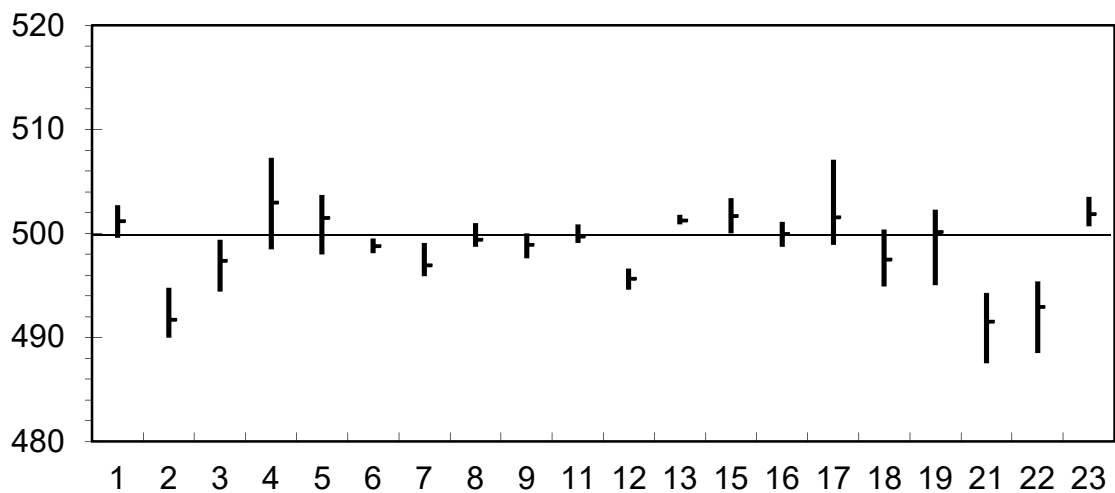


Figure 8 Broflanilide 50%Wettable Powder (WP-1) (after elimination of outliers)

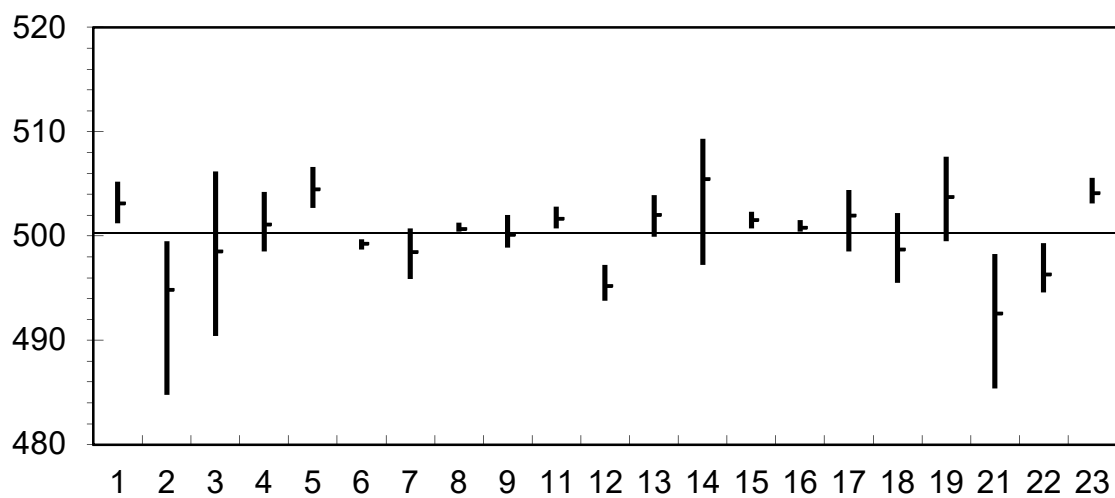


Figure 9 Broflanilide 50%Wettable Powder (WP-2) (after elimination of outliers)

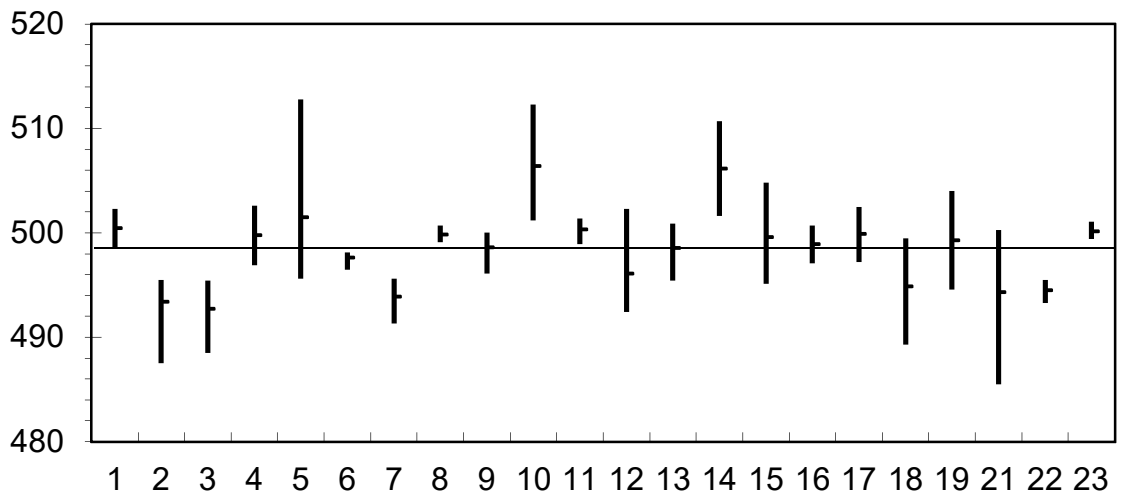


Figure 10 Broflanilide 50%Wettable Powder (WP-3) (after elimination of outliers)